

No of Questions : 50

Time (1.00 Hrs) Full Marks : 50

Directions(Q.Nos. 1–5):In questions, part of the sentences have errors and some have none. Find out which part of the sentence has an error corresponding to the appropriate letter (a, b, c). If there is no error, your answer (d).

1. The terrorist did not (A)/ confessed his crime even till the very end (B)/of his trail and said that he was innocent.(C) /No error (D)
2. If the industrial sector continues to grow(A)/ at the same rate for the next few months(B)/ I think it has a high growth rate this year.(C)/No error (D)
3. Results find that girls (A)/ played not only more than boys(B)/ but also performed better in many fields.(C)/No error (D)
4. Celebrating his fifteen long years in the film industry (A)/the actor announce that he would be doing a new show (B)/on television which would be done completely free of cost.(C)/No error (D)
5. Had I known (A)/ the weather forecast earlier (B)/I would not make plans to go out. (C)/ No error (D)

Directions (Q.Nos. 6–10): In questions, sentences are given with blanks to be filled in with an appropriate word s). Four alternatives are suggested for each question. Choose the correct alternative out of the four.

6. He succeeded in proving his point with logic.
a) diabolical b) irrefutable
c) rational d) analytical
7. The child looked up at her teacher, obviously afraid that she would further Her.
a) revere b) extol
c) laud d) chastise
8. I won't be able to come to the party, as I have certain to meet.
a) promises b) commitments
c) assurances d) tasks
9. For a moment I was blinded by the camera's bright flash.
a) heavily b) totally
c) greatly d) powerfully
10. The vehicles involved in the accident were the flow of traffic.
a) obstructing b) stalling
c) interfering d) delaying

Directions (Q.Nos. 11–15): In questions out of the four alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the meaning of the given word.

11. **CONGEAL**
a) Talkative b) Solidify
c) Hatred d) To hide
12. **QUISLING**
a) Patriot b) Turncoat
c) Predilection d) Native
13. **TRADUCE**
a) Malign b) Glorify
c) Relevant d) Pertinent
14. **RANKLE**
a) Quiet b) Lapse
c) Bother d) Infinite
15. **GINGERLY**
a) Cautiously b) Timidly
c) Freeze d) Graceful

Directions (Q.Nos. 16–20): In questions choose the word opposite in meaning to the word.

16. **Captivate**
a) Fascinate b) Offend
c) Canvass d) Campaign
17. **Commodious**
a) Confined b) Convenient
c) Roomy d) Big
18. **Recur**
a) Persist b) Return
c) Repeat d) Stop
19. **Sedate**
a) Serene b) Sober
c) Excited d) Placid
20. **Torment**
a) Agony b) Cheer
c) Torture d) plague

Directions (Q.Nos. 21–25): In questions four alternatives are given for the Idiom/Phrase underlined in the sentence. Choose the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the Idiom / Phrase.

21. **Dispense with**
a) Differentiate
b) To do with out
c) Able to differentiate
d) To spilt up
22. **Draw the line at**
a) Deadline
b) Maximum limit
c) To fix the limit beyond which one will not go

- d) Came to end
- 23. Feather one's nest**
- a) To become rich
b) To earn money in a honest way
c) To make oneself rich in a dishonest way
d) Equally rich
- 24. Flingup one's hands in horror.**
- a) To give up forcibly
b) To express the sense of horror
c) To realize the shock
d) To fill or add
- 25. Spice up**
- a) To spend money in a legal way
b) To enliven
c) To speak loudly
d) Give evidence for
- Directions (Q.Nos. 26–30):** In questions a part of the sentence is underlined. Below are given alternatives to the underlined part at (1), (2) and (3) which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case no improvement is needed your answer is (4).
- 26. The interesting tale had its beginning more than fifty years ago.**
- a) was started b) initiated
c) began d) No improvement
- 27. We did not see this movie yet.**
- a) have not seen to
b) never have seen
c) never seen
d) No improvement
- 28. Loose tea leaves are kept in a tea box.**
- a) cosy b) caddy
c) tin d) No improvement
- 29. Sincere workers do not rest till they have reached perfection in their work.**
- a) they have achieved
b) they having reached
c) they had achieved
d) No improvement
- 30. Unless they modify the system, our future generations will suffer.**
- a) Unless the system will be modified
b) If the system will not be modified
c) Unless the system is modified
d) No improvement
- Directions (Q.Nos. 31–35):** In questions out of the four alternatives, choose the one which can be substituted for the given words / sentence.
- 31. A fictitious name especially one assumed by an author.**
- a) Nick name b) Pseudonym
c) Sobriquet d) Pet name

- 32. Animals which suckle their young**
- a) Herbivores b) Mammals
c) Carnivores d) Omnivores
- 33. A drug or other substance that induces sleep**
- a) Reviver b) Stimulant
c) Energic d) Sedative
- 34. A speech delivered without any preparation**
- a) Temporary b) Exemplary
c) Extempore d) Contemporary
- 35. Animals that eat flesh**
- a) Herbivorous b) Carnivorous
c) Omnivorous d) Insectivorous

Directions: (Q.Nos. 36–40) In questions groups of four words are given. In each group, one word is correctly spelt. Find the correctly spelt word.

- 36. Which of the following spellings is correct?**
- a) license b) lisenze
c) licens d) lisenze
- 37. Which of the following spellings is correct?**
- a) occasion b) ocassion
c) occassion d) ocasion
- 38. Which of the following spellings is correct?**
- a) occurrence b) occurance
c) occurence d) occurance
- 39. Which is the correct spelling?**
- a) perserverance b) persaverence
c) perserverence d) perseverance
- 40. Which is the correct spelling?**
- a) prerogative b) perogative
c) perogitive d) preragitive

Directions (Q. Nos. 41-50): You have brief passage with 5 questions following the passage. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

Corruption is not a new phenomenon in India. It has been prevalent in society since ancient times. History reveals that it was present even in the Mauryan period. Great scholar, Kautilya, mentions the pressure of forty types of corruption in his contemporary society. It was practised even in Mughal and Sultanate period. When the East India Company took control of the country, corruption reached new height. Corruption in India has become so common that people now are averse to thinking of public life with it. Corruption has been defined variously by scholars. But the simple meaning of it is that corruption implies perversion of morality, integrity, character or duty out of mercenary motives, i.e. bribery, without any regard to honour, right and justice. In other words, undue favour for any one for some monetary or other gains is corruption. Simultaneously, depriving the

genuinely deserving from their right or privilege is also a corrupt practice. Shrinking from one's duty or dereliction of duty are also forms of corruption. Besides, thefts, wastage of public property constitute varieties of corruption. Dishonesty, exploitation, malpractices, scams and scandals are various manifestations of corruption.

41. According to the passage, corruption is _____.
 - a) new phenomenon in India
 - b) insignificant to Indian society
 - c) prevalent since ancient times
 - d) prevalent only in middle east countries
42. Kautilya mentions the pressure of how many types of corruption in his contemporary society?
 - a) 20
 - b) 30
 - c) 40
 - d) 50
43. Perversion of what is not mentioned in the passage?
 - a) character
 - b) attitude
 - c) morality
 - d) integrity
44. According to the passage, what all are the manifestation of corruption?
 - a) malpractices
 - b) dishonesty
 - c) scams and scandals
 - d) All of these
45. What people are averse of due to corruption in India?
 - a) thinking of stardom
 - b) thinking of public life
 - c) thinking of monetary gains
 - d) thinking of undue favours

Direction (46-50): A passage is given with 5 questions following it. Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

Many of the serious health concerns in modern America can be linked to poor diet. People who regularly consume foods high in sodium, sugar and saturated fats not only increase their chances of obesity, but also increase their risks of diseases, hypertension, diabetes and several types of cancer. Although some people, who regularly consume unhealthy foods do so knowingly, there is also significant portion of the population that remains under-educated about proper nutrition. What is more, individuals who live in food deserts

areas in low-income neighborhoods that lack easy access to healthy, affordable food may not even have the opportunity to obtain nutritious food. Food deserts are located in high-poverty areas, such as sparsely populated rural areas or densely populated, low-income urban centres. Food deserts most often develop when major supermarket chains either relocate out of these areas or simply refrain from building stores there. Major food retailing chains tend to limit their store locations to wealthier urban or suburban neighborhoods. This means that those who live in high-poverty areas often also live miles away from fresh meats, dairy products and produce available at supermarkets. Furthermore, fast food restaurants are disproportionately concentrated in low-income areas.

46. Serious health concerns in modern America are related to-
 - a) smoking
 - b) fast life
 - c) poor diet
 - d) loneliness
47. Food deserts are-
 - a) areas having large supermarket chains
 - b) low-income areas without access to healthy foods
 - c) areas having large-scale plantations
 - d) areas not having large number of restaurants
48. Food deserts are formed when-
 - a) major supermarket chains are unavailable in some areas
 - b) people do not like eating fresh food
 - c) people relocate to new areas
 - d) most remain under-educated about nutritious food
49. People belonging to low-income group mostly resort to-
 - a) fresh milk and vegetables
 - b) gambling
 - c) rash driving
 - d) fast food
50. The best possible title for the passage is-
 - a) Supermarket's Contribution to Obesity in America
 - b) The Dangers of Fast Food
 - c) Food Deserts: The Problems of Poor Diet
 - d) Why processed Food Kills



ANSWER KEY

1. b)	11. b)	21. b)	31. b)	41. c)
2. c)	12. b)	22. c)	32. b)	42. c)
3. a)	13. a)	23. c)	33. d)	43. b)
4. b)	14. c)	24. b)	34. c)	44. d)
5. c)	15. a)	25. b)	35. b)	45. b)
6. b)	16. b)	26. c)	36. a)	46. c)
7. d)	17. a)	27. a)	37. c)	47. b)
8. b)	18. d)	28. b)	38. a)	48. a)
9. b)	19. c)	29. a)	39. d)	49. d)
10.a)	20. b)	30. c)	40. a)	50. c)

