

No of Questions : 100

Direction: Each set of questions in this section is based on a single passage. Please answer each question on the basis of what is stated or implied in the corresponding passage. In some instances, more than one option may be the answer to the question; in such a case, please choose the option that most accurately and comprehensively answers the question.

With 96.2 per cent literacy, [1] has once again emerged as the most literate state in the country, while [2] featured at the bottom with a rate of 66.4 per cent, showed a report based on National Statistical Office (NSO) survey. The report on 'Household Social Consumption: Education in India as part of 75th round of National Sample Survey - from July 2017 to June 2018' provides for state-wise detail of literacy rate among the persons aged seven years and above. According to the study, after [1], Delhi has the best literacy rate at 88.7 per cent, followed by Uttarkhand's 87.6 per cent, Himachal Pradesh's 86.6 per cent and Assam's at 85.9 per cent. On the other hand, Rajasthan is the second worst performer with literacy rate at 69.7 per cent, followed by Bihar at 70.9 per cent, Telangana at 72.8 per cent, Uttar Pradesh at 73 per cent and Madhya Pradesh at 73.7 percent. The study has pegged the overall literacy rate in the country at about [3] per cent. In rural areas, the literacy rate is 73.5 per cent compared to 87.7 per cent in urban areas of the country. At all-India level, the male literacy rate is higher at 84.7 per cent compared to 70.3 per cent among women. The survey showed that the male literacy rate is higher than female literacy rate among all states. In [1], the male literacy rate is 97.4 per cent compared to 95.2 per cent among females. Similarly, the male literacy rate in Delhi stood a 93.7 per cent higher than 82.4 per cent among females. Even in the worst performing states, there was a considerable gap in male and female literacy rate. In [2], male literacy rate is 73.4 per cent, higher than 59.5 per cent among females (of the age of seven year or above). In Rajasthan, the gap was even wider as male literacy rate stood at 80.8 per cent compared to 57.6 per cent of females. In Bihar, the male literacy rate was also higher at 79.7 per cent compared to 60.5 per cent of females. A sample of 64,519 rural households from 8,097 villages and 49,238 urban households from 6,188 blocks was surveyed all-over India. The report also revealed that nearly 4 per cent of rural households and 23 per cent of urban household possessed computer. Among persons of age 15-29 years, nearly 24 per cent in rural areas and 56 per cent in urban areas were able to operate a computer.

- Name the Indian State which has highest Literacy rate and will replace with [1] in the above passage?**
 - Karnataka
 - Goa
 - Kerala
 - Tamil Nadu
- According to Census 2011, how much percentage of India's population lives in cities ?**
 - 27.8 %
 - 31.14%
 - 23.3%
 - 36.20 %
- Name the Indian State which has lowest Literacy rate and will replace with [2] in the above passage?**
 - Bihar
 - Jharkhand
 - Andhra Pradesh
 - Madhya Pradesh
- Which Union Territory of India has lowest literacy rate According to 2011 census ?**
 - Chandigarh
 - Pondicherry
 - Andaman & Nicobar islands
 - Dadra & Nagar Haveli
- On the report based on National Statistical Office (NSO) survey What is the literacy rate of India and will replace with [3] in the above passage ?**
 - 74.04 %
 - 77.7 %
 - 79.7 %
 - 81.6 %

.....[1] recently became India's first company to cross \$200 billion in market value, with shares surging nearly 166% since mid-March, driven by its retail and telecom operations. Shares of the [1] rose as much as

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8.45% to a record ₹2,343.90 during the day, before closing at ₹2,314.65, up 7.10%, its highest single-day gain since 22 April. So far this year, [1] shares have gained 54.33%, beating benchmark indices [1] India's largest company, now has a market capitalization of ₹14.67 trillion, followed by [2] (₹8.75 trillion), HDFC Bank (₹6 trillion), and Hindustan Unilever Ltd (₹5.01 trillion). Among global oil and gas companies, Saudi Aramco with a market cap of \$1.91 trillion still retains the top spot, followed by [1]. Among global stocks [3]. is the world's most-valued company with a market value of \$2 trillion, followed by Saudi Aramco with \$1.91 trillion, [1] is one of the stocks most favoured by analysts due to its ability to reinvent business models while ensuring steady earnings growth. Currently, it has 24 buy ratings, seven hold and six sell ratings by analysts on Bloomberg. Analysts at Morgan Stanley see capital allocation, execution and de-gearing as key to the next leg of stock outperformance as capitalizes on India's new energy, chemicals and retail market. "With industry consolidation picking up pace in telecom, retail, and global refining, we see [1] emerging stronger post covid and margins should surprise as pricing power rises," said Morgan Stanley in a report on 9 September. Recently, California-based private equity fund Silver Lake picked up a 1.75% stake in Retail Ventures for ₹7,500 crore, valuing the company at ₹4.21 trillion, or \$57 billion. Mint reported that the retail arm is set to draw additional investments worth \$5 billion from KKR and Co., Mubadala Investment Co. and Abu Dhabi Investment Authority. "Over the last 2-3 months, there has been news flow about [1] being in talks with various strategic partners while any stake sale in RRL is positive news, we believe the markets would be more likely to bid up strategic investors than they would bid up PE investments," said JP Morgan in a note to its investors.

6. **Name the Indian Company which became the India's first company to cross \$200 billion in market value and will replace with [1] in the above passage?**
 - a) Tata & Sons
 - b) Reliance industries
 - c) ICICI bank
 - d) State Bank of India
7. **Which of the following is responsible for the fluctuations in the Share Market ?**
 - a) Rain
 - b) Monetary Policy
 - c) Political Instability
 - d) All of the above
8. **Name the Indian Company who has M-Cap of Rs 8.75 trillion and will replace with [2] in the above passage ?**
 - a) Infosys
 - b) Tata Consultancy Services
 - c) State Bank Of India
 - d) Reliance Industries Limited
9. **Which of the following institutions control the capital Market in India ?**
 - a) SEBI
 - b) RBI
 - c) Finance Ministry
 - d) NABARD
10. **Name the World's most-valued company with a market value of \$2 trillion and will replace with [3] in the above passage ?**
 - a) Apple
 - b) Amazon
 - c) Microsoft
 - d) Alphabet Inc

The TIME magazine's list of 100 most influential people for the year 2020 includes Prime Minister Narendra Modi, actor[1] and [2] who emerged as the face of the Shaheen Bagh protests. PM Modi has been kept under the 'Leaders' along with US President Donald Trump, US attorney general William Barr, Taiwan's President Tsai Ing-wen, US NIAID chief Anthony Fauci and Democratic presidential nominee Joe Biden. The Indian Prime Minister, who turned 70 a few days ago, had also made it to the TIME magazine's 100 most influential people's list earlier as well [2] was an unlikely face among the names who made it to the 100 most influential people's list. She was among the leading figures who led peaceful protests in Delhi's Shaheen Bagh area against the Citizenship Amendment Act or CAA last year. The 82-year-old was known for sitting at the protest site from early morning till midnight almost everyday for three months until the protests were disbanded due to Covid-19. Actor [1] was the only actor from India who made it to the list [1] is the youngest Indian to be featured in this year's TIME Magazine, according to news agency PTI. He told PTI that he has used his acting to bring a positive change to the world. Deepika Padukone wrote an essay to introduce him to TIME magazine's readers. He has acted in award-winning movies like "Vicky Donor", "Shubh Mangal

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Saavdhan”, “Badhaai Ho”, and “Article 15.” The others to bring laurels to the Indian community by being included in the coveted list include [3] the CEO of Google’s parent Alphabet and clinical microbiology professor Ravindra Gupta. Gupta, who is a professor of clinical microbiology at the Cambridge University, has been featured by the TIME magazine under the ‘Pioneers’ category. A doctor of Indian origin, Gupta achieved the feat of curing the London Patient Eric Castellijo of human-immunodeficiency virus or the HIV. Castellijo, who is the second person to be functionally cured of HIV wrote of Dr Gupta in the introduction, “Gupta has shared his knowledge and his enthusiasm to find a feasible cure for everyone. He has championed me and empowered me to become an ambassador of hope to millions of people living with HIV around the world.” Castellijo also narrated how Gupta’s compassion moved him and also brought him respect among colleagues in the HIV research community.[3] was put into the category of ‘Titans’ along with Miami Heat forward Dwayne Wade, actress Gabrielle Union and Formula One racer Lewis Hamilton among others. Jamie Dimon, chairman and CEO of JPMorgan Chase, said [3] embodies the real American dream as he emigrated from India as an adult and worked his way up to become the CEO of Alphabet.

11. **Name the only Indian Actor who has been included in The TIME magazine’s list of 100 most influential people for the year 2020 and will replace with [1] in the above passage ?**
 - a) Shahrukh Khan
 - b) Amitabh Bachchan
 - c) Ayushmann Khurrana
 - d) Sushant Singh Rajput
12. **Who has been named as the Time’s magazine ‘Person of the year 2019’ ?**
 - a) Malala Yousafzai
 - b) Greta Thunberg
 - c) Abiy Ahmed
 - d) Abhijit Banerjee
13. **Name the 82 year old woman who emerged as the face of the Shaheen Bagh protests who made it to the 100 most influential people’s list and will replace with [2] in the above passage?**
 - a) Manasi Joshi
 - b) Shabana Praveen
 - c) Shah Bano Begum
 - d) Bilkis Bano
14. **Which magazine releases “40 Under 40” list of influential people?**
 - a) TIME
 - b) Fortune
 - c) Forbes
 - d) Frontline
15. **Name the CEO of Google’s parent Alphabet which will replace with [3] in the above passage ?**
 - a) Satya Nadella
 - b) Kamla Harris
 - c) Sundar Pichai
 - d) Indira Nooyi

.....[1] Indian Administrative Service (IAS) Officer of 1996 batch from Odisha Cadre and joint secretary in the Ministry of Civil Aviation, has been given additional charge as director general of the Bureau of Civil Aviation Security (BCAS). She is the first woman and third IAS officer to have been appointed to the post. The aviation security body has usually been headed by an IPS officer. Earlier, IPS officer [2] was given charge of the BCAS. He has now been moved to the Border Security Force (BSF) as director general. In the Civil Aviation Ministry, [1] has also been handling the government flagship scheme of regional connectivity. The BCAS, under the Ministry of Civil Aviation, is security regulator for the civil aviation industry in India. Created in 1987 as a cell in the DGCA, the BCAS has come of age as an organisation, working to implement international security standards. The appointments committee of the cabinet (ACC) formally approved the restructuring of the Railway Board and approved the appointment of [3] the current chairman of the Railway Board as its first CEO. In December 2019, the Union Cabinet in a major move to reform the 150-year-old railway board of the Indian Railways approved the restructuring of the apex body of the Indian Railways by trimming its strength to half, and unifying its eight railways services into a central service called the Indian Railway Management Service. While [3] has been appointed Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Pradeep Kumar has been appointed Member, Infrastructure, PC Sharma has been appointed Member, Traction and Rolling Stock, PS Mishra has been made Member, Operations and Business Development. Manjula Rangarajan has been appointed Member, Finance. With this rearrangement, three apex level posts -- Member (Staff), Member (Engineering) and Member (Materials Management) in Railway Board have been surrendered and the post of Member (Rolling Stock) has been utilised for creation of the post of Director General (HR) in apex grade as per the Cabinet Decision, the ACC said. Indian Railways will now have only a five

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member railway board; who will act as "Chief Executive Officer (CEO)" along with four members responsible for Infrastructure, Operations & Business Development, Rolling Stock and Finance respectively. The Railway Board is the apex body of the Indian Railways which reports to the Parliament via the ministry of railways. It will now consist of four members and a chairperson. At present, the railway board includes eight members; member (rolling stock), member (traction), member (traffic), member (engineering), member (staff), member (material management), members (signal & telecom) and financial commissioner.

16. **Name the first woman to have been appointed to the post as Director General of the Bureau of Civil Aviation Security (BCAS) and will replace with [1] in the above passage ?**
 - a) Durga Shakti Nagpal
 - b) Usha Padhee
 - c) Manali Kashyap
 - d) Tina Dabi
17. **The woman who became the first Indian Administrative Service officer in India ?**
 - a) Anna George Malhotra
 - b) M. Fatima Biwi
 - c) Kiran Bedi
 - d) Arti Shah
18. **Name the person who has been appointed as the new Director-General of the Border Security Force (BSF) and will replace with [2] in the above passage ?**
 - a) Rishi Kumar Shukla
 - b) A.P Maheshwari
 - c) Rakesh Asthana
 - d) Anil Dhasmana
19. **In which Governor-General's reign railway lines in India were established?**
 - a) Lord William bentick
 - b) Lord Cornwallis
 - c) Lord Kenning
 - d) Lord Dalhousie
20. **Who is the appointed as the First C.E.O of the Railway Board by the appointments committee of the cabinet (ACC) and will replace with [3] in the above passage ?**
 - a) G.P Pandey
 - b) V.K Yadav
 - c) Tejaswi Surya
 - d) Randeep Singh

The Indira Gandhi Peace Prize 2019 will be awarded to renowned naturalist and broadcaster [1]. Former president Pranab Mukherjee chaired the international jury that selected his name for this year's Indira Gandhi Prize for Peace, Disarmament and Development. The statement added that [1] had perhaps done more to reveal the wonders of nature to others in his lifetime than any other person. Trust secretary Suman Dubey said he had worked tirelessly to "awaken humankind to the need, to preserve and protect the biodiversity on our planet, to live in a sustainable and harmonious way with all life, and to stop being what he has called: 'a plague on earth'."[1] is most known for his nature documentaries for BBC. 'Some of the major awards he has received are his knighthood, UNESCO's Kalinga Prize, the Micheal Faraday Prize, the Descartes Prize, a Fellowship of the Royal Society, awards from Royal Geographical Society, and several Emmy and BAFTA awards. The Indira Gandhi Peace Prize which is named after former Prime Minister Indira Gandhi is a prestigious prize awarded annually by the Indira Gandhi Memorial Trust since 1986. It consists of a monetary award of Rs 25 lakh along with a citation. It is given to individuals or organizations who are working towards ensuring international peace and development, ensuring that scientific discoveries are used to further the scope of freedom and better humanity, and creating new international economic order. Flight Lieutenant [2] is set to become India's first woman fighter pilot to fly the Rafale aircraft that was formally inducted into the Indian Air Force on September 10. She who hails from Varanasi, is currently being trained to fly IAF's newest fighter based in Ambala. She is undergoing conversion training to fly the Rafale jet and will soon join the Ambala-based No. 17 squadron, also known as "Golden Arrows." The officer, who is one of IAF's 10 women fighter pilots, joined the air force in 2017. Ten women have been commissioned as fighter pilots after the experimental scheme for their induction into IAF's combat stream was introduced in 2015, a watershed in the air force's history. IAF is operating its Rafale fighter jets in the Ladakh theatre where the military is on its highest state of alert, amid heightened border tensions with China. IAF's current fleet of five Rafale fighters is fully operational and ready to undertake any mission, officials said. India ordered 36 Rafale jets from [3] in a deal worth Rs 59,000 crore in September 2016. The air force formally inducted the planes at the Ambala air base on September 10 though they landed at their home base on July 29.

21. **Name the person to whom The Indira Gandhi Peace Prize 2019 will be awarded and replace with [1]**

- c) 13 Judge bench
- d) 15 Judge bench

29. Which of the following statements is false?

- a) Most of the structure of the Indian Constitution has been taken from the Government of India Act, 1935.
- b) The Original Constitution had 10 Schedules
- c) The Political Part of the Indian Constitution is taken from the British Constitution
- d) Article 368 is related to the constitutional amendment

30. Which one of the Schedules of the Indian Constitution is entitled to the protection of Article 31B of the (validation of certain acts and regulations) and will replace with [3] in the above passage ?

- a) 9th Schedule
- b) 10th Schedule
- c) 11th Schedule
- d) 12th Schedule

The 140th Edition of America Open or US Open took place at the USTA Billie Jean King National Tennis Centre, New York, United states from August 31, 2020- September 13, 2020 . It was the Second Grand slam Event of the year, after Australian Open took place in January. Wimbledon was called off due to Pandemic. It is a Hard Court Tennis Tournament and has been conducted annually since 1881.For the year 2020, It had a prize money of US\$ 53.4 Million. On September 13, 2020, [1] beat Alexande Zverev (Germany) in five sets to win the 2020, US Open and also clinched his First Grand Slam Title. He became the first player in 71 years to win the US Open after losing the first two sets of the match.It was also the first time that the final has been settled by a tie-break. He became the first new Grand Slam Champion since Marin Cilic (Croatia) won at the US Open in 2014. On September 12, 2020,[2] defeated Victoria Azarenka (Belarus) to clinch the women’s 2020 US Open title. She climbed to No.3 spot in WTA (Women’s Tennis Association) Rankings after US Open title win.This is [2] Third Grand Slam Title, and her Second US Open Title after winning it for the first time in 2018.She became the first player since Arantxa Sanchez-Vicario in 1994 to win the title after losing the first set in the women’s final. She became the first woman to win her first three Grand Slam finals since Jennifer Capriati. On September 10, 2020 Mate Pavic (Croatia) & Bruno Soares (Brazil) clinched the 2020 US Open Doubles Title by defeating Wesley Koolhof (Netherlands) & Nikola Mektic (Croatia). This is Third Grand Slam Title in Men’s Doubles for Soares, and Second Grand Title in Men’s Doubles for Pavic. This is their first Doubles Title together. On September 11, 2020 Laura Siegemund (Germany) & Vera Zvonareva (Russia) defeated Nicole Melichar (United States) & Yifan Xu (China) to claim the 2020 US Open Women’s Doubles Title. The Victory was the First Grand Slam Doubles title for Siegemund and the Third Doubles Title for Zvonareva.[3] became the First Indian to win a Round at a Grand Slam in seven years as he defeated America’s Bradley Klahn in his firstround at the 2020 US Open. Eventually he was defeated by 2020 US Open Title[1] in the Second Round. Somdev Devavarmn was the last Indian to win a main draw match in the 2013 US Open, when he defeated Lukas Lacko of Slovakia in the First Round.

31. Name the player who won the U.S Open 2020 in Men’s Singles and will replace with [1] in the above passage ?

- a) Rafael Nadal
- b) Dominic Theim
- c) Danial Medvedev
- d) Novak Djokovic

32. Which is the oldest-tennis-tournament in the world ?

- a) Australian Open
- b) French Open
- c) US Open
- d) Wimbledon

33. the Player who won the U.S Open 2020 in Women’s Singles and will replace with [2] in the above passage ?

- a) Naomi Osaka
- b) Karolina Pliskova
- c) Serana Williams
- d) Angelique Kerber

34. Which of the following is the highest governing body of lawn tennis ?

- a) ITF:- International Tennis Federation
- b) WTF:- World Tennis Federation
- c) WTA:- World Tennis Authority
- d) TAW:- World Tennis Authority

35. Name the Indian tennis player to win a Round at a Grand Slam in seven years as he defeated America’s Bradley Klahn at U.S Open 2020 and will replace with [3] in the above passage ?

- a) Sumit Nagal
- b) Rohan Bopanna
- c) Somdev Devvarman
- d) Yuki Bhambri

International Literacy Day is observed globally on[1] every year. The day spread awareness about the importance of literacy for individuals, communities, and societies and the need for intensified efforts towards more literate societies. International Literacy Day 2020 focuses on [2] especially on the role of educators and changing pedagogies. The theme highlights literacy learning in a lifelong learning perspective, and therefore, mainly focuses on youth and adults. History of International Literacy Day 2020: The 8th of September was proclaimed International Literacy Day by UNESCO in 1966 to remind the international community of the importance of literacy for individuals, communities and societies, and the need for intensified efforts towards more literate societies. World Tourism Day is observed globally on [3] every year. The purpose of this day is to raise awareness on the role of tourism within the international community and to demonstrate how it affects social, cultural, political and economic values worldwide. This date was chosen by the United Nations World Tourism Organization as on that day in 1970, the Statutes of the UNWTO were adopted. The 2020 edition of World Tourism Day, with the theme of “ [4], will celebrate the unique role that tourism plays in providing opportunities outside of big cities and preserving cultural and natural heritage all around the world. According to the United Nations World tourism Organization, around 100 to 120 million jobs in the tourism sector at risk. The ministry of Tourism Day. The SAATHI Application was launched as a part of the celebration. SAATHI is an initiative launched by the Ministry of Tourism along with Quality Council of India. SAATHI is Sophisticated Analytical and Technical help institutes. During the celebrations, the minister of tourism Shri Dharmendra Pradhan to adopt 100% clean fuel for prime tourist cities. This will help protect the monuments in the country and ensure cleaner environment.

- 36. On which day International Literacy Day is observed globally every year and will replace with [1] in the above passage ?**
- a) 06th September
 - b) 07th September
 - c) 08th September
 - d) 09th September
- 37. Which of the following was a significant step towards providing elementary education to all the children in the age group of 6-14 years ?**
- a) Sarva Siksha Abhiyan
 - b) Mid-Day Meal
 - c) Adult Education Programme
 - d) Compulsory Education to all
- 38. What was the theme of International Literacy Day 2020 and will replace with [2] in the above passage ?**
- a) Literacy and Multilingualism
 - b) Literacy teaching and learning in the COVID-19 crisis and beyond
 - c) Literacy and Skill Development in the COVID-19
 - d) Sustainable Education : A tool for Development
- 39. On which day World Tourism Day is observed globally and will replace with [3] in the above passage ?**
- a) 24th Sept
 - b) 25th Sept
 - c) 26th Sept
 - d) 27th Sept
- 40. What was the Theme of the World tourism Day 2020 and will replace with [4] in the above passage ?**
- a) Sustainable tourism : A tool for Development
 - b) “Year of Tourism and Rural Development
 - c) “Tourism and Jobs: A Better future for All”
 - d) Tourism day is “Tourism and the Digital”

India & [1] were elected as members of the UN Commission Status of Women , a body of the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC). The Commission on the status of women is a UN organ promoting gender equality and the empowerment of women. India (38 votes) and [1] (39) won the ballot among the 54 members, India’s Permanent Representative to the UN,[2] announced the election of India to the Committee India will be a member of the UN’s Commission on Status of Women for four years from 2021-2025. India & [1] will now join Argentina, Austria, Dominican Republic, Israel, Latvia, Nigeria, Turkey and

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Zambia which were elected by acclamation (a form of election that does not use ballot) in the Commission on Status of Women. India,[1] & China contested the election for the post of Two members to be elected from the members of the Asia-Pacific States. China did not cross the half-way mark in the elections. It was ECOSOC's first plenary meeting of its 2021 session. 2020 is the 25th Anniversary of the famous Beijing World Conference on Women (1995). The Fourth World Conference on Women: Action for Equality, Development and Peace was a conference convened by the United Nations during 4–15 September 1995 in Beijing, China. During this major event, governments from around the world agreed on a comprehensive plan to achieve global legal equality between men and women, known as the Beijing Platform for Action. On June 18, 2020 India was elected as one of the non- permanent members to United Nations Security Council (UNSC) for the [3] time(1950-1951, 1967- 1968, 1972-1973, 1977-1978, 1984-1985, 1991-1992 and 2011-2012). United Nations Commission on Status of Women (CSW or UNCSW) is one of the main UN organs within the United Nations and is a functional commission of the ECOSOC. It is the UN organ which promotes gender equality and empowerment of Women. On June 17, 2020, India was elected unopposed for[3] as a non-permanent member of the United Nations Security Council (UNSC) for two years (i.e.2021 & 2022) starting January 2021 by gaining 184 votes in the 193-member General Assembly.

41. **Name the country which were elected as members of the UN Commission on Status of Women along with India and will replace with [1] in the above passage ?**
 - a) Nepal
 - b) Afghanistan
 - c) Bhutan
 - d) Sri Lanka
42. **Which organ of the United Nations Organisation is responsible for coordinating the work of its specialised agencies?**
 - a) General Assembly
 - b) Security Council
 - c) Secretarial
 - d) Economic And Social Council
43. **Who is the India's Permanent Representative to the United Nation and will replace with [2] in the above passage ?**
 - a) T.S Trimurti
 - b) Harsh Vardhan Shringla
 - c) Ajay Kumar Bhalla
 - d) Ajay Tyagi
44. **Under whom recommendations the UN General Assembly suspends the UN membership?**
 - a) Security Council
 - b) Judicial Body of U.N
 - c) Secretary-General
 - d) All of the above
45. **How many times India become as a non-permanent member of the United Nations Security Council and will replace with [3] in the above passage ?**
 - a) 6th Times
 - b) 7th Times
 - c) 8th Times
 - d) 9th Times

Institute for management development (IMD), in collaboration with Singapore University for Technology and Design (SUTD), IMD World Competitiveness Centre, and Smart Cities Observatory (SCO) has released the 2nd edition of global listing of smart cities i.e. "Smart City Index (SCI) 2020" in which the ranking of four Indian cities- New Delhi, Mumbai (Maharashtra), Hyderabad (Telangana), and Bengaluru (Karnataka) were declined as the technological advancement in these cities is not up to date to cater the COVID19 Pandemic. The index was topped by[1] followed by Helsinki (Finland) and Zurich (Switzerland) in the second and the third place respectively. It should be noted that Indian and European cities have suffered more from the pandemic because they were not prepared. The work of these rankings was led by IMD's Professor Arturo Bris. The SCI monitors the actual development of smart cities in all parts of the world. SCI 2020 ranked 109 cities under which 120 citizens from each city were asked questions in April and May 2020 on the technological provisions of their city across five key areas: health and safety, mobility, activities, opportunities and governance. In all Indian four cities air pollution is highlighted as one of the 15 key areas which require priority. Others in the top 10 list include Auckland (4th), Oslo (5th), Copenhagen (6th), Geneva (7th), Taipei City (8th), Amsterdam (9th) and New York at the 10th place. On 26th August 2020, NITI Aayog in partnership with Institute of Competitiveness released the Export Preparedness Index (EPI) 2020, this is the first report to examine export preparedness and performance of the states of India [2] was identified as the top performing state in

- a) Nestle
c) Unilever
- b) Dairy farmers of America
d) Danone
60. **A substance Needed by the Body for Growth, Energy, Repair and Maintenance is Called A ?**
a) Nutrient
b) Carbohydrate
c) Calorie
d) Fatty Acid
61. **Which is the world's largest milk producing country, with 22% of the global production?**
a) U.S.A
b) India
c) China
d) Netherland

Indian writer [1] has authored a new book, 'The Commonwealth of Cricket: A Lifelong Love Affair with the Most Subtle and Sophisticated Game Known to Humankind'. The book portrays the entire arc of the game (cricket) in India, across all levels at which it is played and gives a glimpse of local heroes, provincial emblems and international stars. The book will be co-published by HarperCollins India and William Collins. Indian right of the book is acquired by Publisher Udayan Mitra, while UK and Commonwealth rights (excluding India) is acquired by Arabella Pike, William Collins Publishing Director. The book is to be released in November, 2020. The author offers a brilliantly charming memoir and a charter of the life of cricket in Indi [1] is currently serving as a Professor at Krea University, Andhra Pradesh. He has served as an administrator of Board of Control for Cricket in India (BCCI) Other books authored by him includes– The Unquiet Woods, India after Gandhi, and a two-volume biography of Mahatma Gandhi. Books on Cricket– Corner of a Foreign Field, The Picador Book of Cricket, Spin and other Turns, Wickets in the East. The first volume of [2] memoir, which has created a buzz over his candid remarks on Indian politicians, is coming out. The book, titled 'A Promised Land', mentions former prime minister [3], Congress leader Rahul Gandhi and party president Sonia Gandhi. While the memoir is currently not available in stores, the New York Times provided a glimpse of the content in its book review. Former PM [3] also finds mention in his's memoir as he recalls him as "having a kind of impassive integrity." The book has been able to draw India's attention due to the remarks made by [2] on the country's political leaders. Congress leader Shashi Tharoor said that he has got hold of an advance copy of 'A Promised Land', in which the former [2] has praised [3] describing him as "wise, thoughtful, and scrupulously honest". In a series of tweets, the 64-year-old parliamentarian said that he has called [3] as a "man of uncommon wisdom and decency" with whom he enjoyed "a warm and productive relationship". Tharoor added that the memoir offers a "foretaste of what the second volume is likely to tell us about India" in a post-[3] era. The 768-page memoir, the first of a two-part memoir, will hit the stands tomorrow, after which more details regarding [2]'s view on Indian leaders are expected to emerge.

62. **Name the Indian author who authored 'The Commonwealth of Cricket: A Lifelong Love Affair with the Most Subtle and Sophisticated Game Known to Humankind' and will replace with [1] in the above passage?**
a) Shashi Tharoor
b) Arundhati Roy
c) Salman Rushdie
d) Ramchandra Guha
63. **Who wrote "Where ignorance is bliss, it is folly to be wise"?**
a) Michel Browing
b) Karl Marx
c) William Shakespeare
d) Rudard Kipling
64. **Name the person who has authored the memoir titled "A Promised Land" and will replace with [2] in the above passage ?**
a) Barack Obama
b) Michelle Obama
c) Hillary Clinton
d) Boris Johnson
65. **"A Tale of Two Cities" Novel state the fact in following two cities ?**
a) London and Paris
b) London and Berlin
c) Chicago and New York
d) Moscow and Saint Petersburg
66. **Name the Prime Minister who also finds mention in his's memoir as he recalls him as "having a kind of impassive integrity and will replace with [3] in the above passage?**
a) Narendra Modi
b) ManMohan Singh
c) Atal Bihari Vajpayee
d) Jahawar Lal Nehru

STUDY CAMPUS

she was also chairperson of the Asia Project at the IIC. The renowned scholar of art history, architecture and Indian classical dance was born in New Delhi in 1928 and did her masters in English Literature from Delhi University and in Education from the University of Michigan in the US. She was the younger sister of poet and critic Keshav Malik.[1] authored nearly 20 books on different forms of art and their histories in her long career. Some of her notable works include The Square and the Circle of Indian Arts (1997), Bharata: The Natya Sastra (2006), Dance in Indian Painting (2004), Classical Indian Dance in Literature and the Arts (2007), and Transmissions and Transformations: Learning Through the Arts in Asia (2011). Remembering her as an 'institution builder' and a true scholar, several personalities from the world of arts and culture took to Twitter and Facebook to express their condolences. She was awarded the Sangeet Natak Akademi Fellowship in 1970 and the Rajiv Gandhi National Sadbhavana award in 2000, among the many accolades she won over the years.[2], Union Minister of State for Railways and Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP)'s Member of Parliament(MP) from Belagavi constituency of Karnataka passed away at the age of 65 after testing positive for COVID-19 at the Covid Facility, New Delhi. He is the first Central Minister to die of Coronavirus. He was born on 1st June 1955 at Belagavi, Karnataka [2] was a law graduate who served as the Vice President of BJP in Belagavi in 1996. He was elected as a Lok Sabha MP for the first time in the 2004 election and he was again elected for the 2nd and 3rd term in 2009 and 2014 elections. He served as a member of the Standing Committee on Food, Consumer Affairs and Public Distribution, Human Resources Development and Defence. He was appointed as the Minister of State(MoS) for Railways after winning the 2019 general election (his 4th term). He was the chairman of [2] Education Foundation at Belgaum since 2009.

85. Name the Scholar, author and connoisseur of the arts who died recently and will replace with [1] in the above passage ?

- | | |
|----------------|---------------------|
| a) Kiran Desai | b) Arundhati Roy |
| c) Anita Nair | d) Kapila Vatsyayan |

86. In which year the Jnanpith Award (The highest award in the field of literature) was first awarded?

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| a) 1965 | b) 1970 |
| c) 1972 | d) 1962 |

87. Name the Union Minister of State for Railways and Bharatiya Janata Party (BJP)'s Member of Parliament(MP) from Belagavi constituency who died recently and will replace with [2] in the above passage ?

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| a) Ram Vilas Paswan | b) Amar Singh |
| c) Suresh Angadi | d) Lalji Tondon |

88. Which of the following statements is not correct

- a) Article 74 deals with the council of ministers
- b) The P.M is the head of the CoM
- c) The Central CoM is the head of India's political and administrative system.
- d) Article 75 is related only to the appointment of ministers.

89. Which of the following are not mentioned in the Constitution of India ?

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| a) Office of the Deputy P.M | b) Collective responsibility |
| c) Council of Ministers | d) Dissolution of the Lok Sabha |

Hindi Diwas is celebrated annually on [1] across India to promote Hindi and to create awareness about the language. This day is celebrated to mark the anniversary of the adoption of Hindi (the Devanagari Script) as one of the official languages of the Republic of India. It is one of the 22 scheduled languages of India. Hindi is used by around 258 million people and it is recognised as the 4th most spoken language in the world. Former Prime Minister Jawaharlal Nehru designated 14th September as the Hindi Diwas to mark the day when the Constituent Assembly gave the official language status to Hindi in 1949 [1] also marks the birth anniversary of Beohar Rajendra Simha, the illustrator of the original final manuscript of the Indian Constitution. Usually the President of India presents the Rajbhasha Gaurav Puraskar and Rajbhasha Kirti Puraskar to the people for their contribution and excellence in the hindi language. International Day of Peace 2020: Being the country of Mahatma Gandhi, India has a huge legacy of contributing to world peace. In a world troubled with conflict, a day dedicated to peace reminds us of Mahatma Gandhi's philosophy of Ahimsa

or non-violence. International Day of Peace is observed every year on [2]. It is a United Nations-designated day, established in 1981. In 2001, the United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) voted to call for "non-violence and cease-fire" on world peace day. The UN encourages countries to observe the day by adhering to "24 hours of non-violence". The theme for International Day of Peace 2020 is "[3]." The world body encourages people to "celebrate the day by spreading compassion, kindness and hope in the face of the (COVID-19) pandemic." The pandemic has emerged as a common enemy of the world today. International Day of Peace 2020: 10 quotes of Mahatma Gandhi to remember 16. Peace will not come out of a clash of arms but out of justice lived and done by unarmed nations in the face of odds""Not to believe in the possibility of permanent peace is to disbelieve in the Godliness of human nature "Without prayer there is no inward peace" "Poverty is the worst form of violence" "An India awakened and free has a message of peace and goodwill for a groaning world" "There is no path to peace, peace is the path" "If we wish to create lasting peace we must begin with the children" "Intolerance is itself a form of violence and an obstacle to growth of a true democratic spirit" "Indeed a civilian resister offers resistance only when peace becomes impossible" "The one condition for fighting for peace and liberty is to acquire self-restraint"

90. On which day Hindi Diwas is celebrated annually on across India to promote Hindi and will replace with [1] in the above passage ?

- a) 12th September
- b) 13th September
- c) 14th September
- d) 15th September

91. Which language can be used in addition to Hindi for official purposes of the Union and for use in Parliament

- a) Tamil
- b) English
- c) Sanskrit
- d) Urdu

92. In which article of the Constitution of India Hindi is defined as the Official language of the Union?

- a) Article 343
- b) Article 383
- c) Article 342
- d) Article 352

93. On which day International Day of Peace is observed every year and will replace with [2] in the above passage

- a) 21st September
- b) 22nd September
- c) 23rd September
- d) 24th September

94. What was the theme for International Day of Peace 2020 and will replace with [3] in the above passage ?

- a) Climate Action for peace
- b) Security and Stability
- c) Shaping Peace Together
- d) Promote Equality

95. On which day International Day of democracy is observed around the world annually?

- a) 11th September
- b) 15th September
- c) 17th September
- d) 20th September

The 74th session of the united nations General Assembly (UNGA) High Level Forum (HLF) on the culture of peace which was convened by its President [1] and addressed by UN Secretary general [2] on the Theme "[3]". The event was also addressed by ambassadors of a large number of Member States and High Representatives of several UN entities where Indian side was represented by Counsellor in the Permanent Mission of India to the UN Paulomi Tripathi. Apart from the above mentioned main event, a side event titled "Education, Covid-19 and the Culture of Peace" was also organized by the renowned US Think Tank the International Peace Institute (IPI). This HLF was held on the lines of the UNGA's resolution 53/243 (Declaration and Programme of Action on a Culture of Peace) adopted on 13 December 1999 stating convening of HLF to the implementation of the Programme of Action on a Culture of Peace on the occasion of the anniversary of its adoption. The objective of the meet to renew the programme particularly under the challenging circumstances of the COVID-19 pandemic and also to discuss long-term ramifications of COVID-19. India calls for collaboration between nations and tech companies to check misinformation During the meet India called for greater collaboration between nations and technology companies to stop the spread of misinformation related to COVID-19 as fake news and doctored videos undermine the people's trust in authorities to tackle

the disease. The coronavirus has claimed over 900,000 lives with over 28 million confirmed cases in the world so far. Participants: Member States and Observers of the General Assembly are invited to participate in the virtual High- Level Forum.

- 96. Who is the President of 74th session of the United Nations General Assembly (UNGA) and will replace with [1] in the above passage?**
- a) Antonio Guterres
b) Tijjani Muhammad-Bande
c) Volkan Bozkir
d) T.S Tirumurti
- 97. The chairman/presidency of the UN Security Council rotates among the Council Members?**
- a) Every 6 months
b) Every 3 months
c) Every Year
d) Every Month
- 98. Who is the Present United Nations General Secretary and will replace with [2] in the above passage?**
- a) Christina Lagarde
b) Ban Ki-Moon
c) Antonio Guterres
d) Tedros Adhanom
- 99. Permanent Secretariat to coordination the implementation of SAARC programme is located at**
- a) Kathmandu
b) Dhaka
c) New Delhi
d) Colombo
- 100. What was the theme of the The 74th session of the united nations General Assembly (UNGA) High Level Forum (HLF) on the culture of peace and will replace with [3] in the above passage?**
- a) International Year of the Nurse and the Midwife
b) Elimination of Child Year
c) The Culture of Peace: Change our World for the better in the age of COVID-19
d) The Future we want



ANSWER KEY

1. c	21. a	41. b	61. b	81. a
2. b	22. a	42. d	62. d	82. b
3. c	23. b	43. a	63. c	83. d
4. d	24. c	44. a	64. a	84. a
5. b	25. b	45. c	65. a	85. d
6. b	26. d	46. d	66. b	86. a
7. d	27. c	47. c	67. d	87. c
8. b	28. c	48. d	68. a	88. d
9. a	29. b	49. c	69. d	89. a
10. a	30.	50. a	70. a	90. c
11. c	31. b	51. c	71. a	91. b
12. b	32. d	52. a	72. c	92. a
13. d	33. a	53. b	73. b	93. a
14. b	34. a	54. a	74. a	94. c
15. c	35. a	55. a	75. c	95. b
16. b	36. c	56. b	76. d	96. b
17. a	37. a	57. b	77. b	97. d
18. c	38. b	58. c	78. c	98. c
19. d	39. d	59. a	79. b	99. a
20. b	40. b	60. a	80. c	100. c

