

No of Questions: 120

Time: 120 Minutes

Direction: In this section each item consists of six sentences of a passage. The first and sixth sentences are given as S1 and S6. The middle four sentences in each have been jumbled up and labelled as P, Q, R and S. You are required to find the proper sequence of the four sentences.

1. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

- S1:** Another significant change in the past five years have been the global resurgence of ethnic and religious aspirations.
- S6:** This phenomenon is evident not only in Africa and Asia but also in Europe, notably in Italy and Spain
- P:** No less than 15 new States have emerged in that region since 1990.
- Q:** This manifests itself in many different ways.
- R:** Another manifestation is the growth of ethnicity or regionalism as catalyst for new political parties.
- S:** One is the new' nationalism that is thriving in the wake of the break up of the Soviet Empire.

Which one of the following is the correct sequence?

- a) Q S P R b) P R Q S
c) P S Q R d) Q R P S

2. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

- S1:** There was a check-post for passing vehicles at a village called Gobindapur, a short distance from where the road to Dhanbad branched off from the Grand Trunk Road.
- S6:** He asked me more than once if I was sure that the man had noted the number down.
- P:** When I came sufficiently near, he moved back and the barrier was lifted.
- Q:** I slowed down and found a man coming forward with pencil and book in hand.
- R:** I told uncle that the man had taken down the number of the car, adding that it was a routine practice.
- S:** As I approached it, I saw the barrier coming down slowly.

Which one of the following is the correct sequence?

- a) R Q P S b) Q R P S
c) S Q P R d) R S P Q

3. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

- S1:** Newton was perhaps the greatest scientist that ever lived.
- S6:** Newton went home and worked quietly by himself for about 18 months.
- P:** But when he was only 22, a terrible Pagueepidemic swept over England.
- Q:** He was the son of a Lincolnshire farmer, and was born in 1642.
- R:** Therefore the universities were closed.
- S:** He went to Cambridge to study mathematics when he was 19. The proper sequence should be

- a) S P R Q b) Q P S R
c) S Q P R d) Q S P R

4. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

- S1:** Convention has a necessary part to playing the life of everyone.
- S6:** Their purpose, however, is always the same.
- P:** It is necessary and useful for this reason.
- Q:** Of course, there is nothing absolute about conventions.
- R:** They vary from country to country, from age to age.
- S:** In all social affairs it prescribes more or less generally accepted rules of behavior.

The proper sequence should be

- a) S Q R P b) P Q S R
c) R P S Q d) S P Q R

5. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

- S1:** There was a legend among out people that the island had once been covered with tall trees.
- S6:** Tamai angrily went down, down to another world; so people die today because he did.
- P:** This was a long time ago, at the beginning of the world when Tumid and Murat ruled.
- Q:** Tamai wished people to die.
- R:** The two gods quarreled about many things.
- S:** Mukai did not. The proper sequence should be:

- a) P R Q S b) P S R Q
c) S P R Q d) S Q P R

6. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

- S1:** It was in 264 B. C. that the great struggle between Rome and Carthage, the Punic Wars began.
- S6:** But the Romans, with extraordinary energy, set themselves to out build the Carthagians.
- P:** It gradually developed into a struggle for possession of Sicily.
- Q:** The advantage of the sea was at first with the Carthagians.
- R:** The First Punic War began in that year about the pirates of Messina.
- S:** They had great fighting ships of what was hitherto an unheard-of size. The proper sequence should be:
- a) R Q S P b) R P Q S
c) P R S Q d) Q S P R

7. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

- S1:** Rutherford was the son of a Scot's emigrant to New Zealand.
- S6:** Life was hard, but it was adventurous.
- P:** They had 12 children, of whom Rutherford was the fourth.
- Q:** His father established the first flax mill in South Island.
- R:** He was brought up in a real frontier atmosphere and it entered into the nature of the man.
- S:** His mother was the first woman school teacher in New Zealand. The proper sequence should be:
- a) P R Q S b) Q S R P
c) Q R S P d) Q S P R

8. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

- S1:** The five-year plans are meant for the nation's economic development.
- S6:** The most important is, certainly, failure on the family planning front.
- P:** What are the reasons for it?
- Q:** One way of measuring a nation's development is by finding out how much progress there has been in the fight against poverty..
- R:** The reasons are many.
- S:** In India, every five-year plan ends with more people coming under the poverty line. The correct sequence should be:
- a) R P Q S b) Q S P R
c) P R S Q d) S Q R P

9. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

- S1:** Forests have an influence on the climate of a region.

- S6:** Thus we see that forests in a region often make the climate cooler.
- P:** Much of the rain that falls beneath the trees dissolves plant food in the soil.
- Q:** This gives to the air over the forests coolness which is felt by balloonists and aviators three thousand feet above the earth.
- R:** The plants absorb all the food and much of the water, but the rest of the water is breathed out through the leaves into the air.
- S:** This is taken up by the roots of plants and carried upward to the leaves.

The proper sequence should be

- a) Q S R P b) P S R Q
c) R S P Q d) S Q P R

10. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

- S1:** The wise men laughed at Galileo for presuming to differ from the great Aristotle.
- S6:** Both struck the ground together, as head asserted that they would.
- P:** He then climbed to the top, carrying with him a ten pound shot and a one-pound shot.
- Q:** So one morning he took some students and teachers to the base of the famous Leaning Tower.
- R:** Balancing them on the edge of the tower, he let them fall together.
- S:** But Galileo said he could prove his statement.

The proper sequence should be

- a) S Q P R b) Q P S R
c) P R S Q d) R S Q P

11. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

- S1:** The lions used to be widely distributed in Africa and Asia.
- S6:** No hunting is permitted in such reserved areas.
- P:** There are special forest zones set aside for wildlife in various countries.
- Q:** Indiscriminate killing by hunters has been the abuse of this drastic fall in their numbers.
- R:** Today they are a relatively rare species.
- S:** If the species survives at all, it will be only in national parks. The proper sequence should be:

- a) RSQP b) SQRP
c) RQSP d) SRPQ

12. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

- S1:** There are several tribes in East Africa.
- S6:** All the other tribes were afraid of them because of their skill in war.

- P:** The Masais were famous fighters.
Q: They used to raid the neighbouring tribes and carry away their cattle.
R: They lived on the wide plains in Southern Kenya and Northern Tanzania.
S: But the most famous among them is the Masai tribe.

The proper sequence should be

- a) SPRQ b) PRQS
 c) RQSP d) QRPS

13. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

S1 When a light passenger plane flew off course sometime ago, it crashed in the mountains and its pilot was killed.

P: Snow lay thick on the ground.

Q: It was the middle of winter.

R: The woman knew that nearest village was miles away.

S: The only passengers, a young woman and her two baby daughters, were unhurt,

S6: When it grew dark, she turned a suitcase into a bed and put the children inside it, covering them with all the clothes she could find.

- a) PQRS b) QPRS
 c) SQPR d) RSPQ

14. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

S1. The fox and the crane remained friends for a long time.

P. She served the dishes in a beaker to the fox. The fox could not eat it because the beaker was very high.

Q. The crane could not eat the dishes because of its long beak. The next day it was the turn of the crane to host the lunch for the fox.

R. But the fox wanted to show that he was cleverer than the crane.

S. So one day he invited the crane for dinner and served the dishes on a plate.

S6. The fox put down its head in shame and went away.

- a) PQRS b) QSRP
 c) RSQP d) PSQR

15. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

S1. The landscape

P. with Nature displaying

Q. here is awesome

R. that are seldom

S. a range of delights

S6. seen together

- a) PSRQ b) QPSR

- c) RSPQ d) QRS P

16. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

S1. The tiny bacterial plants that live in the soil help to prepare food for the plants we cultivate.

P. The farmer works very hard to make the soil favorable.

Q. But these soil bacteria are very necessary and helpful

R. There are millions of bacteria in a cubic inch of fertile soil.

S. Some kinds of bacteria are harmful.

S6. They do not need sunlight as do most plants.

- a) SQPR b) QSPR
 c) RPSQ d) PRQS

17. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

S1. A man should give the same care to himself that he gives to his car.

P. And sooner or later there comes a complete break down.

Q. Everyday tens of thousands of men are trying to work when their bodies and minds are in need of repair work.

R. For worry pulls down the mind and fatigue pulls down the body.

S. He does not try to drive his car when there is something wrong with it, he has to put it in order.

S6. Man should realize that most worry and fatigue can be prevented.

- a) PSRQ b) QPSR
 c) RSQP d) SQPR

18. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

S1. Freedom is first of all a personal matter.

P. A man who will not submit to the discipline of his chosen occupation is not free to be a great surgeon, an engineer, or a golfer or an executive.

Q. Life imposes a drastic discipline on all living things, including human beings.

R. We are free to eat poison or jump off a tall building, but not to escape the consequences.

S. We are bound by the laws of cause and effect.

S6. Nature, moreover, binds the arbitrary limits of mind and body we are not free to do whatever effort, what is beyond our capacity.

- a) QRSP b) RSPQ
 c) PQRS d) SRQP

19. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences

S1: She was an old woman with a large purse that had everything in it.

P. It was about eleven O'clock at night.

Q. It had a long strap.

R. She carried it slung across her shoulder.

S. A boy ran up behind her

S6. He tried to snatch her purse.

a) PQRS b) SQRP

c) QRPS d) SRQP

20. Find out the proper sequence of the given sentences.

S1. I think the essence of wisdom is emancipation as far as possible, from the tyranny of the here and the now.

P. If any one could, he would hardly be able To remain alive.

Q. But it is possible to make a continual approach towards impartiality.

R. No one can view the world with complete impartiality.

S. This is of course a matter of degree.

S6. It is this approach towards impartiality that constitutes growth in wisdom.

a) QRSP b) RQPS

c) SRPQ d) PRSQ

21. Find the most opposite word in meaning. The evidence against the accused is conclusive.

a) powerful b) indecisive

c) exclusive d) partial

22. Find the most opposite word in meaning.

BARREN

a) Wet b) Rich

c) Fertile d) Exception

23. Find the most opposite word in meaning. Popular fiction in a sense has enriched world literature.

a) devalued b) undervalued

c) depreciated d) impoverished

24. Find the most opposite word in meaning. IMPERIOUS

a) Characterless b) Impermanent

c) Imperfect d) Submissive

25. Find the most opposite word in meaning I find his view repugnant.

a) amiable b) repulsive

c) amoral d) apolitical

26. Find the most similar word in meaning.

HOSTILITY

a) Illness b) Enmity

c) Disturbance d) Derogatory

27. Find the most similar word in meaning.

CONSENSUS

a) Awareness

b) General agreement

c) Careful observation

d) Praiseworthy

28. Find the most similar word in meaning. The spectators looked at the batsman in amazement when he hit sixer after sixer.

a) shock b) wonder

c) surprise d) suspicion

29. Find the most similar word in meaning.

EXPLICIT

a) Immediate b) Plainly stated

c) Marked d) Revealing the secret

30. Find the most similar word in meaning. The eyewitness testimony was incontrovertible.

a) disputable b) debatable

c) unacceptable d) unquestionable

31. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. There would have been (a)/ a disaster (b)/ and for your prompt action (c)/ No error(d)

a) There would have been

b) a disaster

c) and for your prompt action

d) No error

32. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. A lot of money (a)/ were spent (b)/ on the common wealth games (c)/ No error (d)

a) A lot of money

b) were spent

c) on the common wealth games

d) No error

33. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any.

His father would (a)/ rather die than (b)/ to

beg from door to door (c)/ No error (d)

a) His father would

b) rather die than

c) to beg from door to door

d) No error

34. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any.

Much harassed (a)/ he left hostel (b)/ bag and baggage (c)/ No error (d)

a) Much harassed b) he left hostel

c) bag and baggage d) No error

35. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any.

The wise father told him (a)/ that the mangoes had gone bad as they were (b) /in contact with the one rotten mango c) / No error (d)

a) The wise father told him

b) that the mangoes had gone bad as they were

c) in contact with the one rotten mango

- d) No error
36. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any.
I shall have to (a)/ withdraw from my savings (b)/to buy a new car (c)/ No error(d)
- a) I shall have to
b) withdraw from my savings
c) to buy a new car
d) No error
37. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. No sooner did the rabbit(a)/come out of the bush (b)/ when the hunter killed it (c)/No error (d)
- a) No sooner did the rabbit
b) come out of the bush
c) when the hunter killed it
d) No error
38. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. Many a man (a)/ have come to India from Bangladesh (b)/to live here permanently (c)/ No error (d)
- a) Many a man
b) have come to India from Bangladesh
c) to live here permanently
d) No error
39. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. Due to inflation (a)/ the cost of living (b)/escalated in the last one year (c)/ No error (d)
- a) Due to inflation
b) the cost of living
c) escalated in the last one year
d) No error
40. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. (a)among the youthful of today(b)very important and active hobby(c)influence of the internet(d)No Error
- a) among the youthful of today
b) very important and active hobby
c) influence of the internet
d) No Error
41. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any.
There is only one cure (a)/ to the evils which newly (b)/ acquired freedom produces and that cure is freedom (c)/ No error (d)
- a) There is only one cure
b) to the evils which newly
c) acquired freedom produces and that curies freedom
d) No error
42. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. Do not write him of (a)/ as I feel he still has the fire (b)/ shouldering in him (c)/No error (d)
- a) Do not write him of
b) as I feel he still has the fire
c) Shouldering in him
d) No error
43. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. Hearing these strange noises above the thought at once occurred to me that thieves had entered the house
- a) No error
b) the thought at once occurred to me
c) that thieves had entered the house
d) Hearing these strange noises above
44. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. The ruins of the spillway are a vital clue to The epic struggle that unfold as generations of Khmer engineers cope with a water system that grew complex and unruly
- a) coped with a water system that grew complex and unruly
b) to the epic struggle that unfold as generations of Khmer engineers
c) The ruins of the spillway are a vital clue
d) No error
45. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. This is John's book on the table
- a) No error
b) John s book
c) on the table
d) This is
46. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. It Is not good to breed over past failure
- a) to breed over
b) It Is not good
c) No error
d) past failure
47. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. (a) to one another(b)Let us vie(c)in doing good(d)No error
- a) to one another
b) Let us vie
c) in doing good
d) No error
48. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any.(a)In twenty wrecks. b) five lives were(c)No error(d)fortunately lost
- a) In twenty wrecks
b) five lives were
c) No error
d) fortunately lost
49. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. Rakesh found the newspaper very dull
- a) very dull
b) Rakesh founds
c) No Error
d) the newspaper
50. Find the grammatical error in the sentence if any. The fight for liberation (a)/ brings out the best and (b)/ a noblest quality in mankind(c)/ No error (d)
- a) The fight for liberation
b) brings out the best and
c) a noblest quality in mankind
d) No error
51. A school of psychology argues that

P: is one of the manifestations of impulse control disorder, a condition in which

Q: an act harmful oneself or others

R: motorcycling — like gambling or skydiving

S: an individual cannot resist the impulse or temptation to perform

Which one of the following is the correct sequence?

- a) R - P - S - Q b) Q - S - P - R
c) R - S - P - Q d) Q - P - S - R

52. With all the crime and sleaze

P: I am not sure how many parents will be able to

Q: how many will have to courage to satisfy the child's uncomfortable queries

R: that dominates the front page of the News papers today

S: read out the headlines their children, and if they do so

Which one of the following is the correct sequence?

- a) R - P - S - Q b) S - Q - R - P
c) R - Q - S - P d) S - P - R - Q

53. The journalist (P)/ saw (Q)/ countless number of the dead (R)/ driving across the field of battle. (S)Which one of the following is the correct sequence?

- a) P Q S R b) P Q R S
c) P S Q R d) S R Q P

54. William Shakespeare in his lifetime (P)/the great English dramatist (Q)/ wrote thirty-five plays (R)/ and several poems (S).The correct sequence should be

- a) P-Q-R-S b) R-S-P-Q
c) Q-S-R-P d) Q-P-R-S

55. In this world (P) a man has (Q) it is possible that the best friend (R) may turn against him (S)The correct sequence should be

- a) Q-P-R-S b) P-Q-R-S
c) R-Q-P-S d) Q-R-S-P

56. (P) the rain did not prevent (Q) from being played (R) to a finish (S) the match The correct sequence should be

- a) PQRS b) PSQR
c) PSRQ d) SQPR

57. the child burned down (P) the house (Q)by playing (R) with matches (S)The correct sequence should be

- a) R S P Q b) Q S P R
c) R P S Q d) Q P S R

58. You have been writing to me often About

P: getting a first prize in sports etc.

Q: but my daughter

R: distinguishing in a fancy dress show, or

S: such achievements make me apprehensive of your educational progress

Which one of the following is the correct sequence?

- a) QPRS b) RSQP
c) QSRP d) RPQS

59. Here

P: another supposed discovery of 29-inch Footprints

Q: claim to have found in Kerala

R: we go again with yet

S: which a group of amateur anthropologists

Which one of the following is the correct sequence?

- a) R - Q - S - P b) S - P - R - Q
c) R - P - S - Q d) S - Q - R - P

60. Among

P: the soldier's mindset from fighting

Q: the doctrine's other directives is the need to reorient

R: namely terrorists hiding among civilians

S: the enemy to fighting his own people

Which one of the following is the correct sequence?

- a) P - Q - R - S b) Q - P - S - R
c) P - Q - S - R d) Q - P - R - S

61. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. A group of fish is swimming in the pond.

- a) swarm b) collection
c) school d) No improvement

62. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. I have never been hearing from him since he left for America.

- a) have never heard
b) have never been hearing
c) was never heard
d) No improvement

63. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. The visitors arrived at a lucky moment.

- a) an opportunistic
b) an opportunity
c) an opportune
d) No improvement

64. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. It was raining so heavily yesterday that I could not move out for my usual walk.

- a) I could not go out for my usual walk
b) I could not go to my usual walk
c) I could not move for my usual walk
d) No improvement

65. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. One cannot be indifferent to ones health, cant one

- a) can't be? b) can one ?
c) isn't it ? d) No improvement
66. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. The concert will start **when the conductor comes**.
- a) when the conductor arrives
b) when the curtain has been raising
c) when the audience will arrive
d) No improvement
67. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. The Portsmouth Summer Art Festival is the only place in New Hampshire where we are fortunately see such diverse tales all in one place.
- a) we are able to fortunately see
b) we are fortunate to see
c) we are fortunate to seeing
d) No improvement
68. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. Will buy the house provided it is quite sound.
- a) unless b) whether
c) until d) No Improvement
69. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. If you are a cricket fan, make sure you are witness the grand opening ceremony today.
- a) you witnessed
b) you witnessing
c) you witness
d) No improvement
70. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. Why should you be despaired of your success of your undertaking?
- a) you despair of the success of your Undertaking
b) you despair of success of undertaking
c) you be despaired of the success of your Undertaking
d) No improvement.
71. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. Renukaavailed herself of all the leave to her credit.
- a) availed of b) availed
c) availed to d) No improvement
72. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. Both himself and his relations will be invited.
- a) you b) she
c) he d) No improvement
73. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. The university asked him to return back the funds allotted for the project.
- a) No improvement
b) to bring back the funds
c) to settle the funds
d) to return the funds
74. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. This news is too good to be true.
- a) cannot be true
b) so good that it should be true
c) No improvement
d) so good that it cannot be true
75. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. The world is being faced with acrisis
- a) confronted b) in front of
c) No Improvement d) facing
76. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. The two thieves distributed the loot between themselves.
- a) with themselves
b) amongst themselves
c) among themselves
d) No improvement
77. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. If you want to catch the first flight you may leave now.
- a) must b) ought to
c) No improvement d) could
78. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. Where are you coming from ?
- a) No improvement
b) do you come from
c) were you from
d) you are coming from
79. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. Listen attention to what I say.
- a) attentively
b) attend
c) attentive
d) No improvement
80. Improve the bold part in the sentence if required. The medicine must be take by you.
- a) takes
b) taken
c) taking
d) No improvement
- Directions: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.**
- Deriving your authority from the government, your position would secure the respect and consideration of everyone, especially in a service where official rank carries so much weight. This would secure to you every attention and comfort on your way and there, together with a complete submission to your orders. I know these things are a matter of indifference to you except so far as they may further the great objects you have in

view, but they are of importance in themselves, and of every importance to those who have a right to take an interest in your personal position and comfort.

81. The above passage most probably is a part of a

- a) speech
- b) official communication
- c) written report
- d) personal letter

82. The writer's attitude towards the person addressed is characterised by

- a) officiousness
- b) flattery
- c) humility
- d) arrogance

83. The person addressed is most likely a

- a) social worker
- b) government servant
- c) commercial agent
- d) foreign dignitary

84. The writer is asking his reader to accept

- a) great objects
- b) a respected position
- c) an official rank
- d) a significant assignment

85. The great objects in the passage means

- a) Significant items
- b) Noble goals
- c) Precious merchandise
- d) Objects of praise

Directions: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

I While I stood drinking in the beauty of this placid scene I became conscious of an alteration. In a moment the sole porter emerged from his midday nap, operated a signal that clanked noisily into position, and then ambled slowly towards me for my return-half ticket, whilst I remarked that his red amiable face and easygoing gait were in perfect harmony with the tranquil surroundings. A wisp of smoke on the horizon with a dark snake crawling beneath it announced the approach of the train. As it drew nearer, the deep silence of the place was gradually displaced by a creaking of brakes and a hissing of steam. Save for myself, no one entered the train and no one alighted. The porter with leisurely expertness, trundled a couple of milk churns on board, the door was slammed, the guard signaled to the driver, and we moved off, leaving the small station once more to its drowsy silence.

86. The meaning of drowsy is

- a) Untidy
- b) Sleepy
- c) Freezing
- d) Drugged

87. The central idea of the passage is

- a) Leisure and Peace
- b) Hurry and Noise
- c) Activity
- d) The Porter

88. Who had a midday nap?

- a) The author
- b) The passenger
- c) The Stationmaster
- d) The porter

89. Who/what does first break the silence of the station?

- a) The train
- b) The porter
- c) The passenger
- d) Milk churns

90. What does the author suggest by the word placid?

- a) The scene was filled with noise of the train
- b) The place was filled with lively humanity
- c) The place was quite and lonely
- d) The horizon looked smoke laden

Directions: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

It happened one day, about noon, going towards my boat, I was exceedingly surprised with the print of a man's naked foot on the shore, which was very plain to be seen in the sand. I stood like one thunder-struck, or as if I had seen an apparition. I listened, I looked round me, I could hear nothing, nor see anything. I went up the shore, and down the shore, but it was all one; I could see no other impression but that one. I went to it again to see if there were any more, and to observe if it might not be my fancy; but there was no room for that, for there was exactly the very print of a foot, toes, heel and every part of a foot.

91. The passage is full of short simple sentences. Their purpose is to

- a) facilitate easy understanding
- b) give a plain narration
- c) convey breathless excitement
- d) imply the inability of the author to write in a better way

92. Which one of these expressions best brings out the effect of the foot-print on the author?

- a) Seen an apparition
- b) Stood like one thunder-struck
- c) Went up the shore
- d) Looked round himself

93. How does the author convince himself that the foot-print is a real one?

- a) By finding the person who made it
- b) By being told about it by a witness
- c) By thinking about it for some time

- d) By examining it carefully and noticing its details

94. Which one of the following words best describes the emotion evoked by the footprint in the author?

- a) Curiosity b) Indifference
c) Fear d) Surprise

95. On finding the foot-print on the shore, what did the author do?

- a) Did not pay much attention to it
b) Observed it with curiosity
c) Began to investigate its origin
d) Ran away in fear

96. Which one of the following best describes the man's reaction to his problem?

- a) The man is extremely upset to find the shirt burnt and frantically tries to repair the damage
b) The hole in the shirt and the wife's anticipated nagging are minor problems, the greater one is that the man cannot find a needle
c) Neither the shirt hole nor the nagging nor the lack of a needle is of great consequence
d) The man is terrified of his wife and dreads her discovering the burnt shirt

Directions: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

He dropped off to sleep. The cigarette slipped out of his mouth and burnt a great black hole in his only shirt. The smart of the burn awoke him, and he got up, cursing under his breath, and fumbled in the dark for a needle in order to sew up the hole. Otherwise his wife would see it in the morning and would hag away at him for a couple of hours. But he could not find a needle. He fell asleep again.

97. The man wanted to sew the hole because

- a) he wanted to avoid being scolded by his wife
b) he had nothing else to do
c) he had no other shirt
d) he wanted to sleep again

98. The man got up to search for a needle Because

- a) his wife would be very upset
b) the cigarette had damaged his only shirt
c) he wanted to mend the shirt
d) the burn-hole was huge and black

99. The man woke up in the dark because

- a) The cigarette had burnt his favorite shirt
b) The cigarette had burnt his only shirt
c) The cigarette had to be lit again
d) The cigarette had burnt him

100. The cigarette fell out of the man's mouth Because

- a) He fell off his stool
b) He was surprised to see that it had made a hole in his shirt
c) He fell asleep while smoking
d) He fumbled in the dark for a needle

Directions: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

Ah! whatever could be said was said. All held him guilty. Even his own mother who claimed to understand him the best. All had betrayed him in his hour of need. Yet, there he was, still with a sparkling hope and knew that the truth must prevail. In the cold, dark and damp cell he never for a moment lost faith in God and goodness and was waiting anxiously for an angle to come, plead non guilty for him and free him of his miseries.

101. Three of the following statements indicate that he had a sparkling hope. Which statement does not?

- a) He had never lost faith in God.
b) He was sure there was goodness.
c) He could have evidence in his favor.
d) He knew that the truth must prevail.

102. Whatever others said about him, he

- a) Betrayed no one.
b) Thought over the problem.
c) Never lost faith in goodness.
d) Raised his voice against injustice.

103. In the dark dungeon he always waited for

- a) His mother.
b) The jailer.
c) The verdict freeing him of his miseries.
d) The angle to come and plead for him.

104. The truth must prevail means

- a) He was true
b) Angle will reveal truth
c) Truth always wins in the end
d) We must plead for the truth

Directions: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

Once while travelling by the local bus, I got a seat beside a very strange man. He seemed interested in every passenger aboard. He would stare at a person, scribble some odd mathematical notations on his long notebook and then move on to the next. Being quite interested in what he was doing I asked him what all those notations meant and then came the startling reply. He saw a man's face not as a single unit but as thousands of squares put together. He was in fact a statistical expert and a budding artist learning the art of graphics.

105. The man was scribbling down

- a) The figures of co-passengers
- b) The details of thousands of squares put together
- c) Some mathematical formulae and calculations
- d) Some mathematical signs

106. The man caught author's attention because

- a) He was sitting next to him.
- b) He was staring at every person in the bus.
- c) He would stare at every person and then scribble down some mathematical notation.
- d) He was budding artist learning the art of graphics.

107. The author found that man's reply quite startling because

- a) A statistical expert cannot be a budding Scientist
- b) A budding artist cannot be a statistical Expert
- c) Graphics is still a rare art form and he was learning in while travelling in a bus
- d) They fact that —a man's face can be analyzed as thousands of squares|| was a strange concept.⁶³ From the passage we gather that

Directions: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

I With the inevitable growth of specialization I see the universities facing two great dangers. First, it is very easy to get so involved in the technical details of education that the object of education is lost. And secondly, in an effort to condition a university to the needs of its students and to the needs of the state it may lose its power to make or mould those students into responsible men, capable of thinking for themselves and capable of expressing the results of their thoughts to there.

108. The author calls growth of specialization inevitable'. Which one of the following statements is likely to be the most correct reason for this inevitability?

- a) Universities give grants only to do specialized work in different disciplines
- b) The professors and researchers in universities are competent only for specialized work
- c) Specialization helps economic growth of the nation.
- d) In an age of science and technology specialization becomes necessary

109. Which one of the following statements most correctly suggests the central theme of the**passage?**

- a) The aim of education is specialization
- b) The aim of education is to mould the youth to work for the state
- c) The aim of education is to make the youth capable of independent thought and expression
- d) The aim of education is to enable the youth to each a comfortable living

110. Which one of the following statements most correctly suggests the warning implied in the passage?

- a) University education should not be concerned with technical details.
- b) Universities should not subordinate themselves to the interests of the state.
- c) Universities should be concerned only with the needs of students.
- d) Universities should not go in for any specialization.

Directions: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives. You have an entry pass

One December night, a family had gathered around their fireside and piled it high with wood gathered from mountain streams and ruins of great trees that had come falling down the mountain sides. The fire roared and brightened the room with its light. The faces of the father and mother had a quiet gladness' the children laughed; the oldest daughter was the picture of happiness at seventeen' and the aged grandmother who sat sewing in the warmest place was the picture of happiness grown old.

111. The firewood had been

- a) brought
- b) stolen
- c) collected
- d) found

112. The parents looked

- a) serene
- b) cheerful
- c) gloomy
- d) dull

113. The oldest daughter looked

- a) stupid
- b) glad
- c) intelligent
- d) mournful

Directions: Read the passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question out of the four alternatives.

The unpleasant feeling passed and she glanced guardedly up at him. He was walking unmarked in moonlight, innocent of her reaction to him. She felt then – this thought had come to her before – that there might be more to him than she had imagined. She felt ashamed she had never thanked him for the help he had given her

father.

114. She glanced at him when

- a) He walked alone and unnoticed in Moonlight
- b) She was sure that she was not being Noticed
- c) Her reactions did not have any effect on Him
- d) The unpleasant feeling passed

115. Her unpleasant feeling passed when

- a) He did not take any notice of her
- b) The moonlight was beautiful
- c) She realized her sense of shame
- d) She looked carefully at him

116. Fill the blank with an appropriate word. "My India' by Corbett deals _____ the author's familiarity with and love of India

- a) in
- b) of
- c) at
- d) with

117. Fill the blank with an appropriate word. The Prime Minister insisted _____ fuel prices in the Cabinet meeting

- a) to raise
- b) on raising
- c) in raising
- d) at raising

118. Fill the blank with an appropriate word. You will not be allowed to enter _

- a) if
- b) unless
- c) when
- d) but

119. Fill the blank with an appropriate word.

A trader was _____ at the city airport early on Thursday for carrying gold jewellery worth over 1 crore

- a) hindered
- b) detained
- c) retained
- d) blocked

120. Fill the blank with an appropriate word.

The principal has given his _____ to the match

- a) except
- b) ascent
- c) refuse
- d) assent



ANSWER KEY

Question	Answer	Question	Answer	Question	Answer	Question	Answer
1	a	31	c	61	c	91	c
2	c	32	b	62	a	92	a
3	d	33	c	63	c	93	d
4	d	34	a	64	a	94	d
5	a	35	c	65	b	95	c
6	a	36	b	66	a	96	c
7	d	37	c	67	b	97	a
8	b	38	b	68	d	98	c
9	b	39	c	69	c	99	d
10	a	40	a	70	c	100	c
11	c	41	b	71	d	101	c
12	a	42	a	72	c	102	c
13	c	43	d	73	d	103	d
14	c	44	b	74	d	104	c
15	b	45	b	75	d	105	d
16	c	46	a	76	a	106	c
17	d	47	a	77	a	107	d
18	d	48	d	78	a	108	d
19	c	49	b	79	a	109	c
20	c	50	c	80	a	110	a
21	b	51	a	81	d	111	c
22	c	52	a	82	a	112	b
23	d	53	c	83	b	113	b
24	d	54	d	84	c	114	d
25	a	55	c	85	a	115	c
26	b	56	b	86	b	116	d
27	b	57	a	87	a	117	b
28	b	58	d	88	d	118	b
29	b	59	c	89	b	119	b
30	d	60	b	90	c	120	d